## CHECKLIST | SHUTTING DOWN CONSTRUCTION SITES FOR CORONAVIRUS

As a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak, many construction firms have had to cease operations to protect the health and safety of their employees and the public. However, there's a lot to consider when putting construction jobs on hold, as losses related to inclement weather, burglaries and public safety can impact your job site during prolonged closures. To secure your construction site for a shutdown and avoid potential claims, consider the following strategies.

Housekeeping	YES	NO
Walkways and pathways are clear and free of debris and other obstructions.		
Dumpsters, skips and other trash receptacles are emptied and secured.		
Extension cords, hoses and leads are coiled up and off the ground or removed from the job site.		
Loose materials that could blow away, like cardboard and plastic, are removed from the job site or secured properly.		
Guardrails and netting systems are secured.		
Temporary structures are stable and secure.		
Water taps are closed and heat tracing is in place on piping to prevent freezing, if necessary. Flow alarms are installed as needed.		
Areas where work involves hazardous waste and contaminants are isolated and secured from the elements and the public.		
Equipment	YES	NO
Equipment is locked in secured buildings or containers or removed from the job site.		
Machinery is removed from the site, if possible. If this is not feasible, heavy equipment are isolated and shut down per the manufacturer's recommendations. Keys for equipment are removed and stored in a secured location.		
Masts, booms and other elevated equipment are lowered.		
Hoists and elevators are maintained and operational in case they need to be used by local authorities in an emergency.		
Elevator shaft protections are in place.		

Scaffolding YES NO

Scaffolding is inspected and secured.		
Unfixed ladders are removed or secured.		
Incomplete scaffolding is finished or blocked off.		
Scaffold platforms are clean and free of materials, tools and loose debris.		
Scaffolds are inspected periodically, particularly after windstorms and other severe weather events.		
Superstructures and Civil Works	YES	NO
Formwork and re-shores are removed. If re-shores can't be removed, they are inspected periodically.		
Perimeter re-shores are tied back.		
All metal decking is secured. Steel components are secured by a minimum of two bolts per connection.		
Working decks are cleaned.		
Equipment and materials are secured and kept away from exterior and interior building edges.		
Excavations are backfilled or covered where possible. Hole covers are in place, secured and labeled properly.		
Sloping and benching are used to prevent excavation erosion.		
In terms of excavations, cave-in prevention equipment is inspected regularly.		
Exposed utilities are protected and labeled, and utility companies are notified of the progress of your work as needed.		
Fire Prevention	YES	NO
Entrances and exits are free of obstructions, and emergency personnel can quickly access the job site if necessary.		
Oxygen and fuel are separated and stored in secured facilities. Caps are in place and valves are closed.		
Sources of heat, like portable heaters and cords, are removed or isolated.		

Flammable liquids are secured in the proper storage cabinets.		
Fire hydrants are easily accessible in the event of a fire.		
No hot work was completed in the last 24 hours.		
Security	YES	NO
Computers, tools, equipment and other valuables are kept out of sight and in secure locations.		
Nonessential utilities are turned off.		
Public sidewalks are clear of ice, snow, grease, debris and other tripping hazards.		
Traffic control signage and similar protections remains on-site unless otherwise directed by local authorities.		
Temporary lighting is in place and is kept on.		
Security cameras or patrols are in place, particularly in high-risk areas.		
Emergency and after-hours signage are displayed in a conspicuous place.		
All entrances and exits are inspected, well-lit, secured and clear of obstructions.		
Local authorities are notified that your job site will be inactive.		
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Documentation and Communication	YES	NO
Photographs are taken of the job site to document the progress of the job before the stoppage began.		
Employees are informed on how long the job site closure may last.		
The project owners are notified of the closure.		
Contractual obligations, timelines and insurance policies are reviewed to avoid liability concerns.		
Expenses related to the shutdown are documented, and those responsible for them (e.g., project owner or construction firm) are aware.		